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'-----Title-----
' File.....step_mot_half_step.pbp
' Started....2/13/09
' Microcontroller Used:  Microchip Technology 16F88
'                          microchip.com
' PicBasic Pro Code:  micro-Engineering Labs, Inc.
'                          melabs.com
' Stepper Motor Used:  Jameco #237623

'-----Program Description-----
' Program drives stepper motor with 400 steps per revolution.

'-----Schematic-----
' Use the same schematic as step_mor1.pbp.  See schematic at:
'
http://www.cornerstonerobotics.org/schematics/pic_programming_step_mot1.pdf

'-----Related Lesson-----
' step_mot1.pbp is used in the lesson Stepper Motor Control with a PIC at:
' http://www.cornerstonerobotics.
org/curriculum/lessons_year2/erii_stepper_motor.pdf
' Lesson also includes a section on how to figure out how to hook
' up a stepper motor with six leads when a data sheet for the
' motor is unavailable.

'-----Comments-----
' WITH THE PIC16F88, BE CERTAIN TO HAVE SEPARATE POWER
' SOURCES FOR THE PIC AND THE STEPPER MOTOR.  MAKE SURE
' TO HAVE A COMMON GROUND BETWEEN THE PIC AND MOTOR.

'---PicBasic Pro Compiler Manual---
' The PicBasic Pro Compiler Manual is on line at:
' http://www.microengineeringlabs.com/resources/index.htm#Manuals

'-----PIC Connections-----
'
'          PIC16F88 Pin          Wiring
'          -----
'          RB0                    Stepper Motor Control Wire 1
'          RB1                    Stepper Motor Control Wire 2
'          RB2                    Stepper Motor Control Wire 3
'          RB3                    Stepper Motor Control Wire 4
'          Vdd                    +5 V
'          Vss                    Ground
'          MCLR                   4.7K Resistor to +5 V

'-----Variables-----
'
'          Delay  VAR  WORD  ' WORD for variable Delay
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'-----Initialization-----'

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TRISB = %00000000      ' Sets all PortB pins to output

OSCCON = $60           ' Sets the internal oscillator in the
                       ' 16F88 to 4 MHz
    
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'-----Main Code-----'

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Delay = 3              ' Sets Delay variable to 3(msec)
                       ' Delay changes the rotational speed
                       ' of the motor. Check for the minimum
                       ' Delay value of your motor.
                       '
                       '   Delay Value      Approx. No-load Current
                       '   -----
                       '   Jameco #237623 Stepper Motor
                       ' -----
                       '   20                1.28 A
                       '   10                1.16 A
                       '   6                 0.98 A
                       '   5                 1.00 A
                       '   4                 0.92 A
                       '   3                 0.70 A
                       '   2                 0.21 A
                       '   1                Motor Stops Operating
                       '                       Properly
    
```

start:

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PORTB = 8              ' Equivalent to PORTB = %00001000
                       ' in binary. Makes pin RB3 HIGH and all
                       ' other PORTB pins LOW. This sends a
                       ' HIGH signal to the NPN transistor
                       ' connected to pin RB3. The NPN transistor
                       ' grounds one end of the coil connected
                       ' to it, activaing the coil.
                       ' All other coils are off.
    
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PAUSE Delay          ' PAUSE in milli-seconds so
                       ' PAUSE Delay is a pause of 3(ms)
    
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PORTB = 12             ' Equivalent to PORTB = %00001100
                       ' in binary. Makes pin RB3 and RB2 HIGH and
                       ' all other PORTB pins LOW. This sends a
                       ' HIGH signal to the NPN transistors
                       ' connected to pins RB3 & RB2. The NPN
                       ' transistors ground the ends of the coils
                       ' connected to them, activaing those 2 coils.
                       ' All other coils are off.
    
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PAUSE Delay
    
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PORTB = 4              ' Equivalent to PORTB = %00000100
                       ' in binary. Makes pin RB2 HIGH and all
                       ' other PORTB pins LOW. This sends a
    
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' HIGH signal to the NPN transistor
' connected to pin RB2. The NPN transistor
' grounds one end of the coil connected
' to it, activaing the coil.
' All other coils are off.

PAUSE Delay

PORTB = 6      ' Equivalent to PORTB = %00000110
               ' in binary. Makes pin RB2 and RB1 HIGH and
               ' all other PORTB pins LOW. This sends a
               ' HIGH signal to the NPN transistors
               ' connected to pins RB2 & RB1. The NPN
               ' transistors ground the ends of the coils
               ' connected to them, activaing those 2 coils.
               ' All other coils are off.

PAUSE Delay

PORTB = 2      ' Equivalent to PORTB = %00000010
               ' in binary. Makes pin RB1 HIGH and all
               ' other PORTB pins LOW. This sends a
               ' HIGH signal to the NPN transistor
               ' connected to pin RB1.

PAUSE Delay

PORTB = 3      ' Equivalent to PORTB = %00000011
               ' in binary. Makes pin RB1 and RB0 HIGH and
               ' all other PORTB pins LOW. This sends a
               ' HIGH signal to the NPN transistors
               ' connected to pins RB1 & RB0.

PAUSE Delay

PORTB = 1      ' Equivalent to PORTB = %00000001
               ' in binary. Makes pin RB0 HIGH and all
               ' other PORTB pins LOW. This sends a
               ' HIGH signal to the NPN transistor
               ' connected to pin RB0.

PAUSE Delay

PORTB = 9      ' Equivalent to PORTB = %00001001
               ' in binary. Makes pin RB3 and RB0 HIGH and
               ' all other PORTB pins LOW. This sends a
               ' HIGH signal to the NPN transistors
               ' connected to pins RB3 & RB0.

PAUSE Delay

GOTO start    ' Start process over again

END
```